TOBACCO IN DELAWARE

CIGARETTE USE\(^1\)\(^-\)\(^2\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of Adults Who Currently Smoke</th>
<th>% of High School Students who Currently Smoke</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National</td>
<td>Delaware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.8%</td>
<td>19.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National</td>
<td>Delaware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.8%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boys (DE)</td>
<td>Girls (DE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCT USE

- The prevalence of smokeless tobacco use among adults in Delaware was 2.2% in 2013. 5.8% of adult current cigarette smokers in Delaware were also current smokeless tobacco users in 2013.\(^3\)
- In 2015, 4.5% of high school students in Delaware used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 7.3% of high school students used smokeless tobacco on at least one day in the past 30 days.\(^2\)
- In 2015, 10.9% of high school students in Delaware smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 10.3% of high school students smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days.\(^2\)
- In 2015, 23.5% of high school students in Delaware used electronic vapor products on at least once in the past 30 days. Nationally, 24.1% of high school students used electronic vapor products on at least one day in the past 30 days.\(^2\)

ECONOMICS OF TOBACCO USE AND TOBACCO CONTROL

- In FY2016, Delaware allocated $6.4 million in state funds to tobacco prevention, which is 49.2% of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s (CDC) Annual Spending Target.\(^4\)
- Delaware received an estimated $136 million in tobacco settlement payments and taxes in FY2016.\(^4\)

\(^*\) National and state-level prevalence numbers reflect the most recent data available. This may differ across state fact sheets.
• The health care costs in Delaware, directly caused by smoking, amount to $532 million annually.4
• Delaware loses $391.2 million in productivity each year due to smoking.5

STATE TOBACCO LAWS6-7

EXCISE TAX
• The state tax increased to $1.60 per pack of cigarettes in July 2009. Moist snuff is taxed $0.54 per ounce. All other tobacco products are taxed 15% of the wholesale price.

CLEAN INDOOR AIR ORDINANCES
• Smoking is prohibited in all government workplaces, private workplaces, schools, childcare facilities, restaurants, bars, casinos/gaming establishments, retail stores, and recreational/cultural facilities.

YOUTH ACCESS LAWS
• The minimum age requirement for the purchase of tobacco products is 18, and penalties exist for both minors and merchants who violate this law.
• Establishments are required to post signs stating that sales to minors are prohibited.
• Only sales clerks are allowed to access tobacco products prior to sale.
• The sale to minors of electronic cigarettes is prohibited.

CESSATION STATISTICS AND BENEFITS
• The CDC estimates that 53.4% of adult every day smokers in Delaware quit smoking for one or more days in 2014.8
• Delaware’s Medicaid program covers all seven recommended tobacco cessation medications and individual counseling.7†
• The state Medicaid program’s barriers to coverage include prior authorization and copayment requirements for all medications, patients must try certain medications before using others, and counseling requirements to get medications.7
• Delaware’s state quitline invests $6.84 per smoker; the national average investment per smoker is $3.37.7
• Delaware requires most private health insurance plans to be in compliance with ACA guidance on tobacco cessation as a preventive service.7

†The seven recommended cessation medications are NRT Gum, NRT Patch, NRT Nasal Spray, NRT Inhaler, NRT Lozenges, Varenicline (Chantix), and Bupropion (Zyban).
REFERENCES

1 CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2014
2 CDC, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 2015
3 CDC, State-Specific Prevalence of Cigarette Smoking and Smokeless Tobacco Use Among Adults—MMWR, United States, 2011-2013
5 Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, Toll of Tobacco Use in the United States, 2015
6 American Lung Association, SLATI State Reports, 2015
7 American Lung Association, State of Tobacco Control, 2016
8 CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System, 2014